MASSACHUSETTS RESIDENTS

		INJ	URY INTE	NT		Total Number	Percent of Total	Rate per 100,000 ²
		Intent	tional	Undeter-	Other & Legal ¹			
INJURY CAUSE	Uninten-tional	Self- Inflicted	Assault	mined				
Drowning/submersion	1	0	0	0		1	< .1	
Fall	2,986	5	0	2		2,993	55.5	46.8
Firearms	2	1	26	1	0	30	0.6	0.5
Machinery	5					5	0.1	0.1
Struck by, against	164		217		2	383	7.1	6.0
Transport Injuries:	1,551	1	2	0	0	1,554	28.8	24.3
Motor vehicle traffic-related	1,340	1	2	0		1,343	24.9	21.0
Occupant	939					939	17.4	14.7
Motorcyclist	114					114	2.1	1.8
Pedal Cyclist	49					49	0.9	0.8
Pedestrian	222					222	4.1	3.5
Other person	4					4	0.1	
Unspecified person	12					12	0.2	0.2
Pedal cyclist, other	100					100	1.9	1.6
Pedestrian, other	10					10	0.2	0.2
Other transport	101					101	1.9	1.6
All Other/Unspecified	120	12	109	6	1	248	4.6	3.9
Adverse Effects						82	1.5	1.3
Cause/intent not provided						96	1.8	1.5
TOTALS⁴	4,829	20	354	9	3	5,393	100%	84.3
RATE BY INTENT/per 100,000	75.5	0.3	5.5	0.1			_	

Source: Massachusetts Hospital Discharge Database, MA Division of Health Care Finance and Policy.

- —Injury subcategories are italicized.
- —Analysis is based on a fiscal year (Oct 1, 2005– Sep 30, 2006).
- —Only Massachusetts residents with valid zip codes are included in this analysis.
- —Injury hospitalization cases transferred to another acute care facility or subsequently dying in the hospital, are excluded from this analysis.
- —Data were extracted and compiled by the Injury Surveillance Program, Bureau of Health Information, Statistics, Research and Evaluation, MDPH. (January 2008)

¹ Legal Intervention includes injuries resulting from police actions and operations of war.

² Rates are not calculated on counts of less than five. Rates that are based on counts less than twenty may be unstable. Rates provided here are not age-adjusted and may differ slightly from other department publications.

³ Adverse Effects can be related to medical and surgical care procedures, or to the use of therapeutic substances (including allergic reactions).

⁴ Totals do not include subcategory counts.

[—]An injury hospitalization is defined as any case having an ICD9-CM Nature of Injury Code of 800-999 assigned to any of the ICD9 diagnosis fields [cases having the following codes are excluded if no other valid ICD9-CM code is assigned: Certain Adverse Effects (995.0-995.4, 995.6,995.7, 995.86, 995.89), Complications of Surgical & Medical Care (996-999), and certain Late Effects (909.3.909.51)

[—]Categories and groupings are based on a modified version of the CDC's "Recommended framework of E-code groupings for presenting injury mortality and morbidity data." This framework does not provide for intentionality for certain cause categories as indicated by gray shading.